

# Asian Experiences in Urbanization

How Asian cities are defining the next phase of  
urbanization

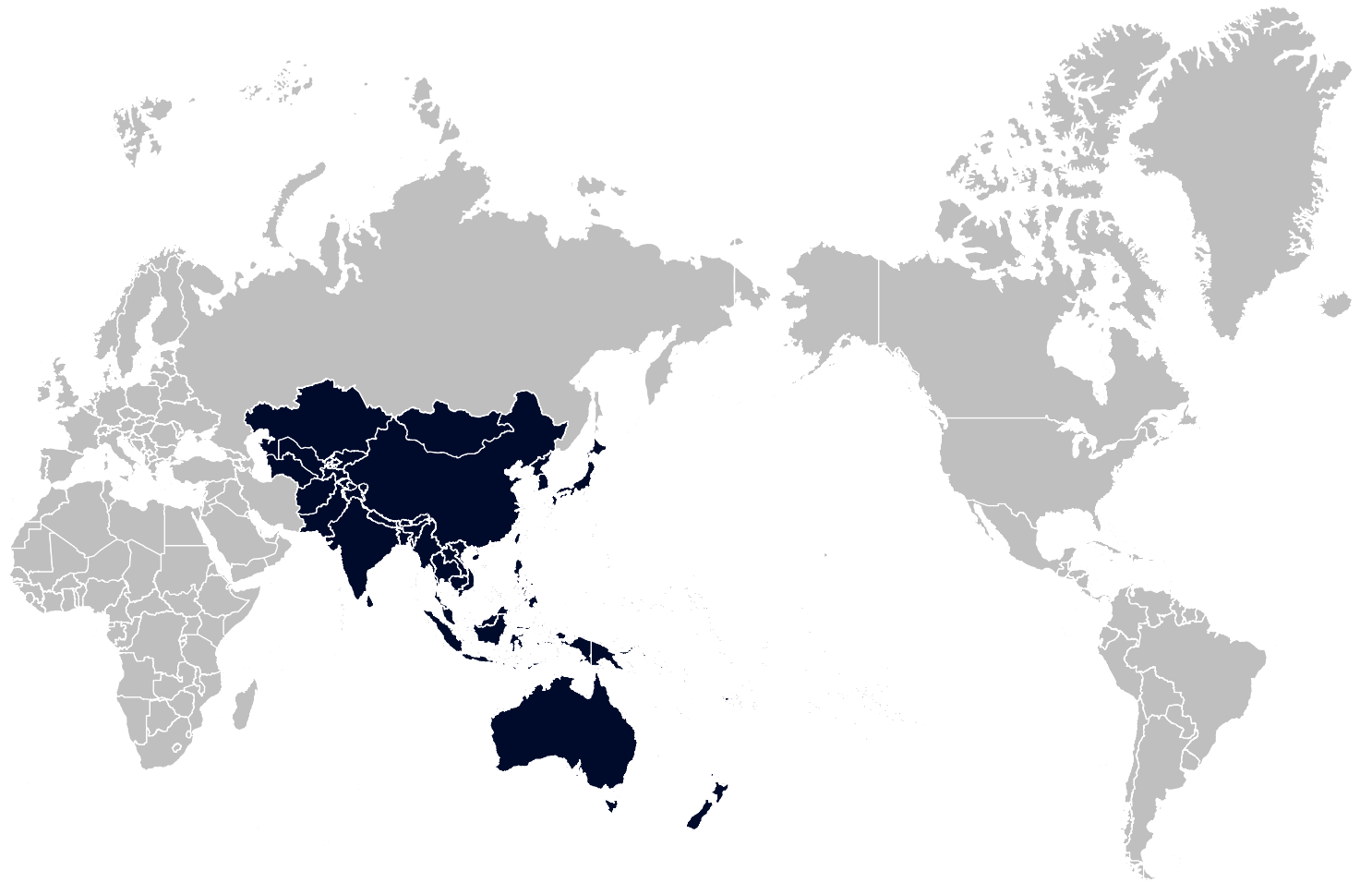
October 2019

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**Asia is  
already  
the  
world's  
center**







# Asia today

**~2 billion**  
people living  
in urban  
centers

**28%** of global  
consumption

**42%** of  
world's GDP  
(PPP)

Macroeconomic indicators **demonstrate Asia's growth to date**



# Asia by 2040

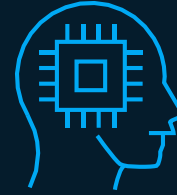
**~3 billion**  
people living  
in urban  
centers

**40%** of global  
consumption

**52%** of  
world's GDP  
(PPP)

and its potential to be **the biggest region on  
the planet**

# There are Four Asias



**Advanced  
Asia:**  
provider of capital and  
technology

中国

**China:**  
Anchor economy,  
providing a connectivity  
and innovation platform



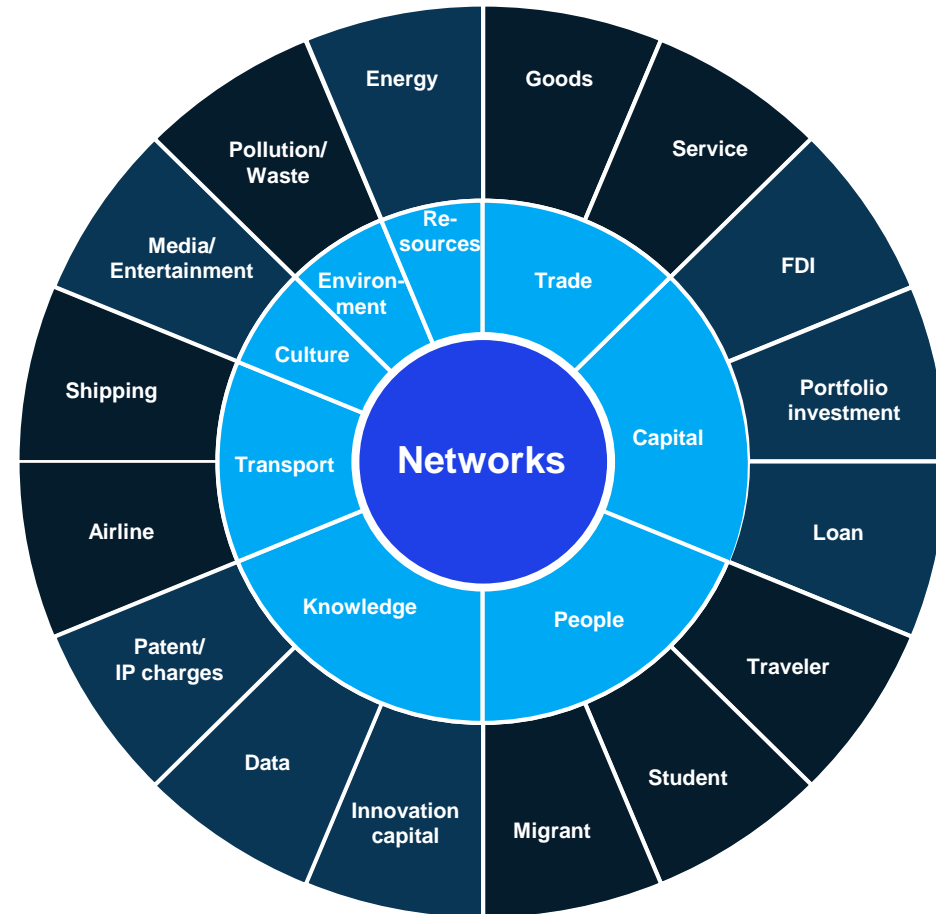
**Emerging  
Asia:**  
Regionally integrated  
economies that's  
cultural diversity



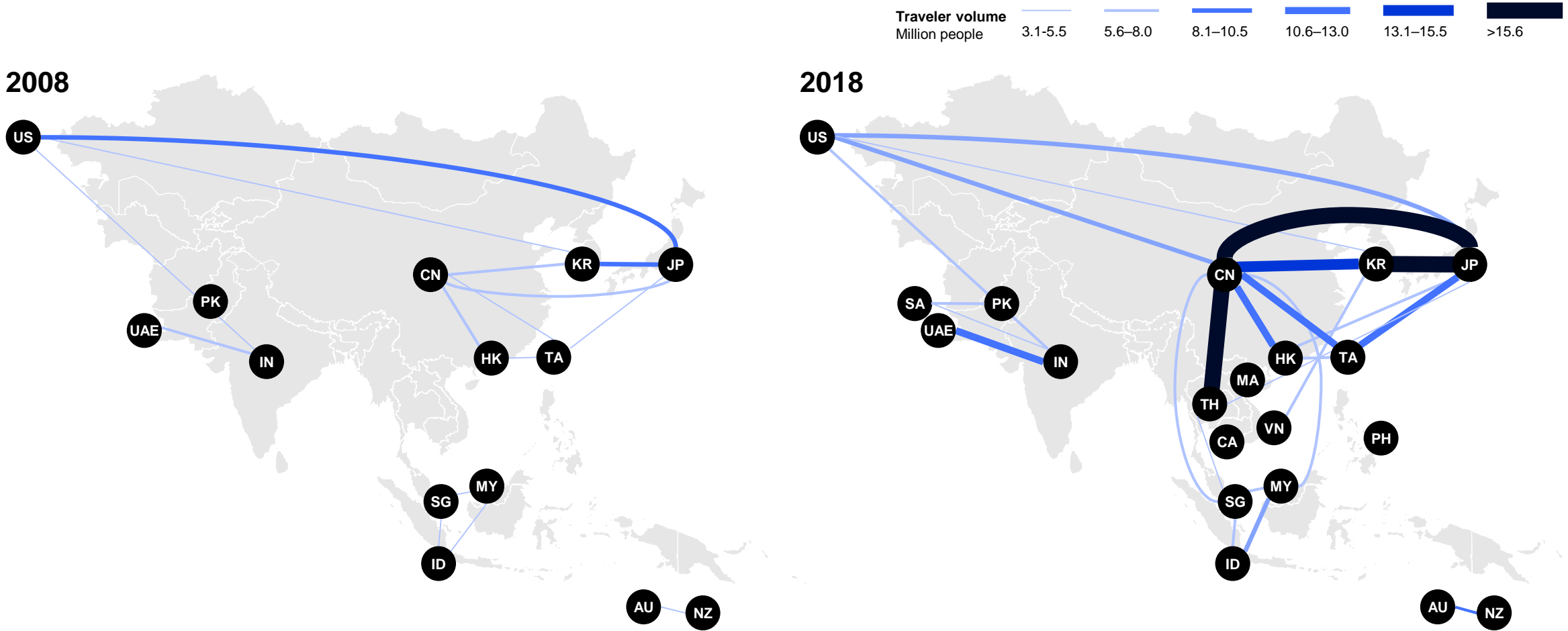
**Frontier  
Asia & India:**  
Rapidly urbanizing  
young economy with  
potential to leapfrog



**Asia is  
becoming  
more  
Asian**



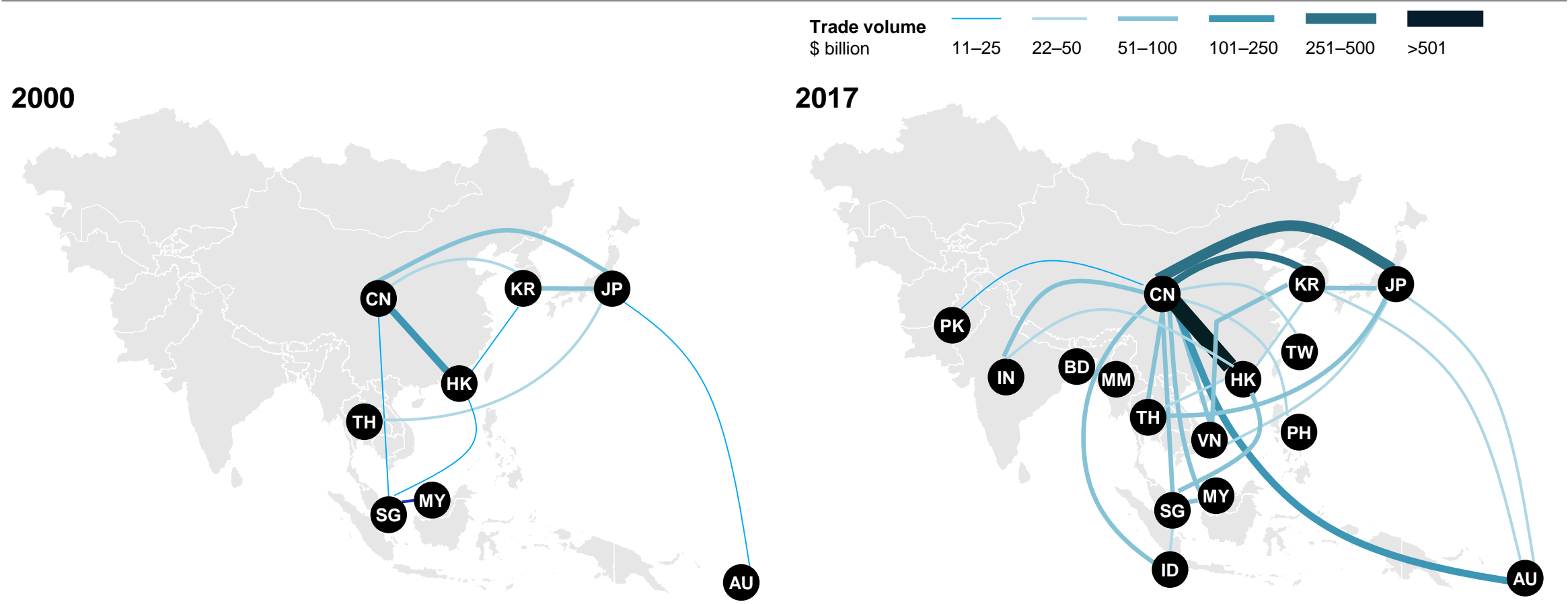
# Asian people are on the move forming denser networks



Global traveler: **1.8x**

Asian intraregional traveler: **2.7x**

# China is driving the development of intra-regional trade in Asia







Asian cities are flourishing...

**293**  
cities in Asia

Will drive **35%** of  
the world's GDP by 2025

...investing and innovating

### Industrialization

**368**  
cities in Asia

Attract **\$604 Bn**  
of manufacturing and  
infrastructure greenfield FDI

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### Innovation

**20**  
cities in Asia

Home to about **1/3** of  
the world's unicorns

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### Culture & mobility

**167**  
cities in Asia

Drive **2.3 Bn** airline  
travelers annually



Shanghai 1987





Shanghai 2013





# The 50 fastest-rising cities on Asia's industrialization network



# A new era of mega-cluster growth is dawning



# Seoul, South Korea – Cheonggyecheon Stream Restoration

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Before

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An aging elevated freeway and concrete deck Cheonggyecheon stream

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After

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The restoration created a 3.6-mile continuous east-west green corridor for pedestrians, bicyclists, and wildlife



## Leading firms in Asia's innovation network



Intraregional flows of capital are forming innovation networks

Multi-local innovation is occurring across Asia

# Which brings us to smart cities



Adoption and change



Applications

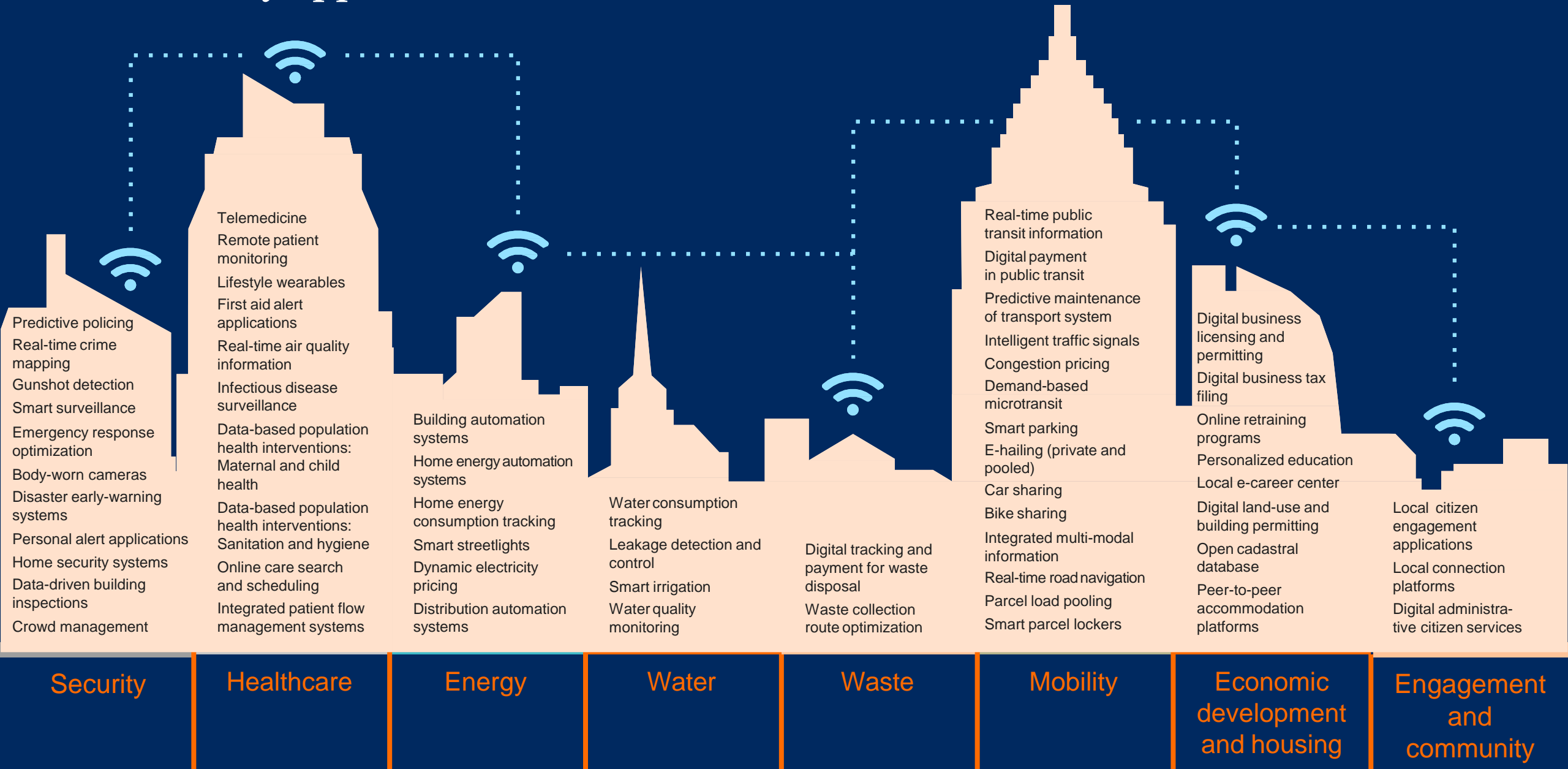


Connected devices



Infrastructure

# ~60 smart city applications most relevant until 2025





# Smart cities deliver improved quality of life

## This could mean...

**30 - 300**

Lives saved per year

**10,000 - 50,000**

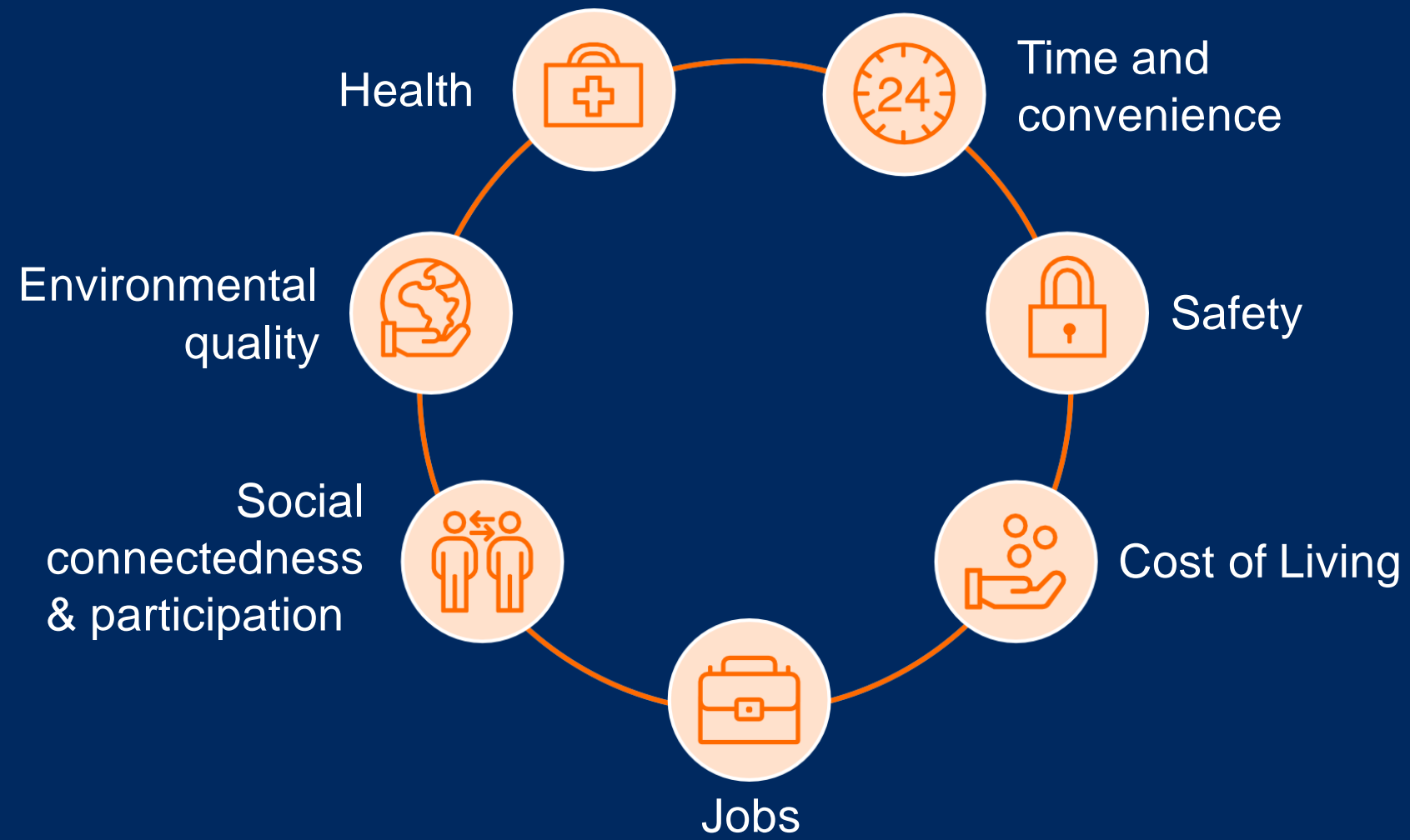
Crime incidents prevented per year

**15 - 30**

Minutes shaved off the daily commute

**25 - 80**

Liters of water saved per person per day





What is the world's  
smartest city?

More  
work to do

70%

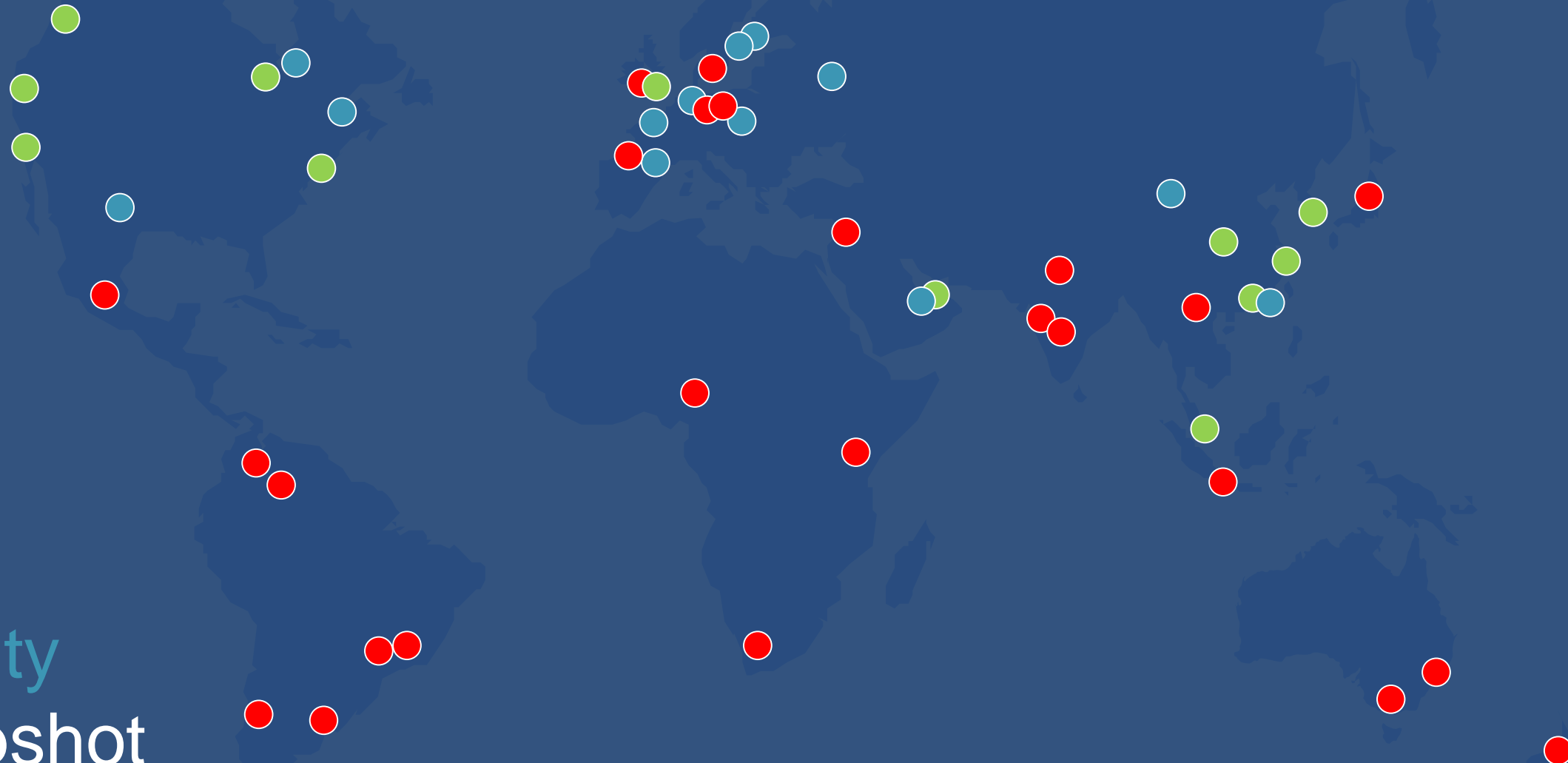
Front-  
runners

100%





# 50 city snapshot





# Digital natives' attitudes are different

Consumer attitudes toward car ownership are changing

In contrast to before, owning a car is no longer a status symbol

60%

I can live without a car and I can rent when I need a car

40%

Shared mobility solutions are penetrating rapidly

E-hailing or car-sharing penetration

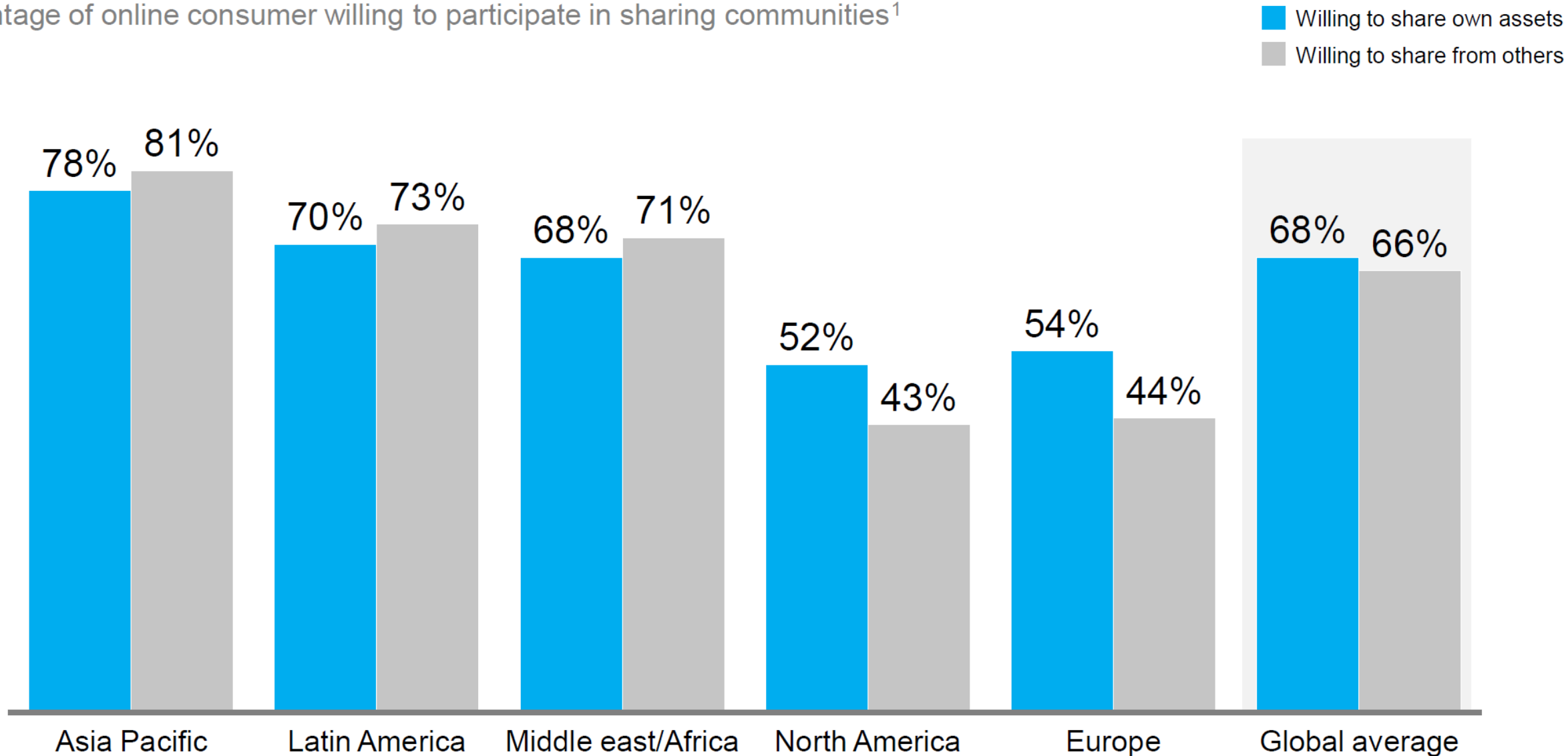
30%

17-minute decrease in commuting time

67%

# The rise of the sharing economy

Percentage of online consumer willing to participate in sharing communities<sup>1</sup>



Last Modified 6/16/2019 6:26 PM China Standard Time

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# 15 days to assemble a high rise



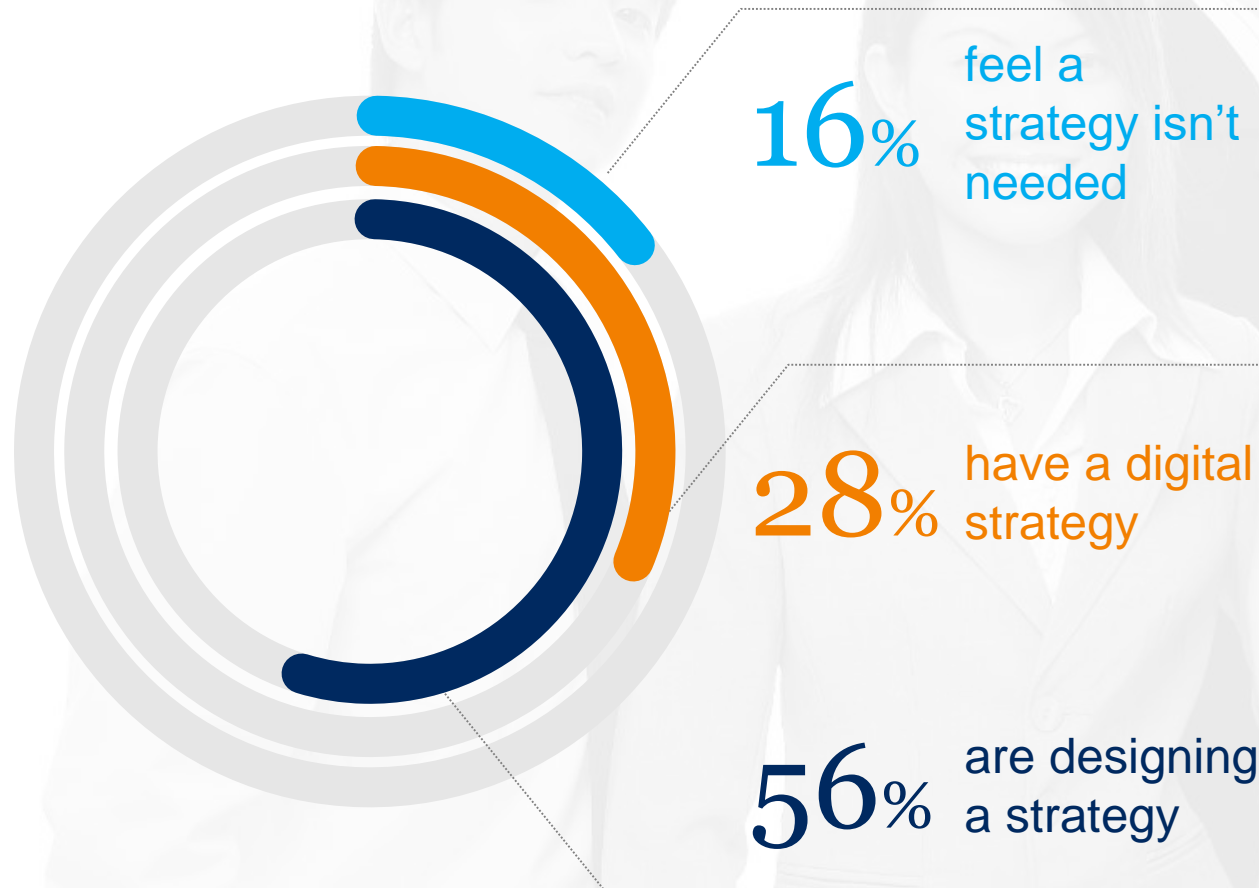
## Methodology

- Pre-assembled panels (3.9 by 15.6 meters), including flooring, ceiling, and embedded shafts for water, electricity, lighting, ventilation, and drainage
- Trucks bring panels to site, where they are hoisted, fixed, and bolted

## Key facts

- 93% of construction completed off-site
- Cost: \$1,000–1,200 per square meter
- 1% construction waste

# Civil engineers are at the beginning of the journey



SOURCE: E&Y

Civil engineers have made commendable progress, but mainly focusing on...

- Consideration for individual infrastructures
- Almost exclusively efficiency-type opportunities
- Focus on the short term costs/benefits

...if this continues, it's the civil engineering profession may be less significant in the future

- Competitive threats
- Shrinking staff force
- Commoditization
- Shrinking influence

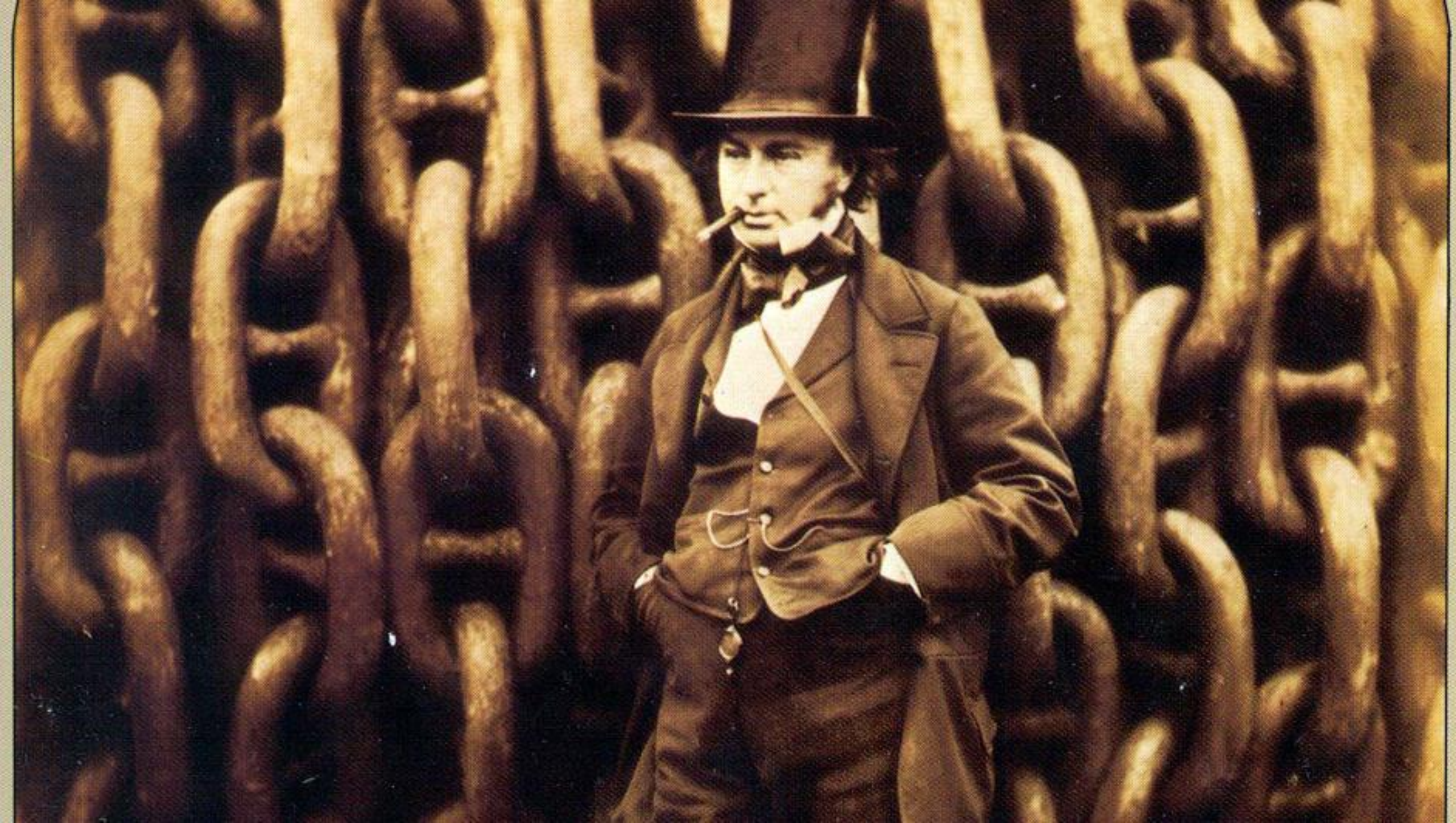


We are told radical change is coming, but we still do most things exactly as we always have. For us, so far, 'smart cities' is 'everything is different, but nothing has changed.'

**CEO, Infrastructure Service Provider**









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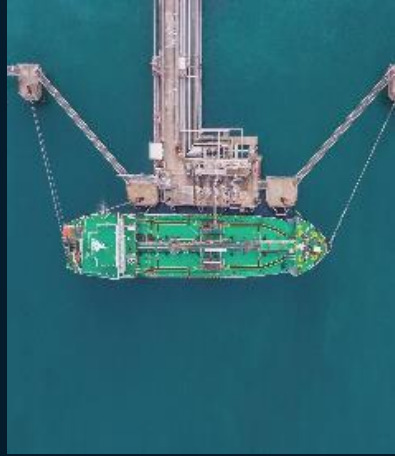


# Thriving in a world led by Asia



**1**

**Be Asia  
relevant**



**2**

**Rethink the  
operating  
model**



**3**

**Invest to  
future proof**



**4**

**Develop an  
alliance  
mindset**

# Health

What does this look like in a Smart City



## Lifestyle wearables



- Promote a healthy lifestyle by **distributing** (either free or subsidized) **wearable devices** that collect activity data and provide feedback to the wearer
- Incentivize exercise



### Singapore

National Steps Challenge results showed that 70% of previously inactive participants averaged more than 7,000 steps per day

## Real-time air quality information



- Install sensors to detect and monitor the presence of **indoor and/or outdoor air pollution** in real time
- Provide information to citizens in real time so that they can adjust their activities accordingly



### Bogota

Reduced bad air quality by 37.5%

## Where it can be applied



MOBILITY



SECURITY



SOCIAL  
INFRASTRUCTURE



UTILITIES

## What this means for Southeast Asia

**7-11** million  
Disability-adjusted life  
years (DALYs) reduced,

**More** than the South Korean  
population's total DALYs

# Environmental quality

What does this look like in a Smart City



## Building management system



Deploy smart systems that **optimize energy and water use** in commercial and public buildings by leveraging sensors, meters and analytics to **automatically monitor and eliminate inefficiencies**



### Taipei

Taipei 101 reduces energy consumption by 33 million kwh and potable water consumption by 28 million liters annually

## Smart streetlights



- Install **sensor-equipped and connected energy-efficient streetlights** that optimize brightness and reduce maintenance needs



### Paris

Achieved a 25% reduction in energy consumption

Where it can be applied



MOBILITY



BUILT ENVIRONMENT



SOCIAL  
INFRASTRUCTURE



UTILITIES

What this means for  
Southeast Asia

# 260-270<sub>k</sub>

kilo-ton of GHG emissions saved yearly, as  
much as produced by Laos



# Time and Convenience



What does this look like in a Smart City

## Intelligent traffic lights



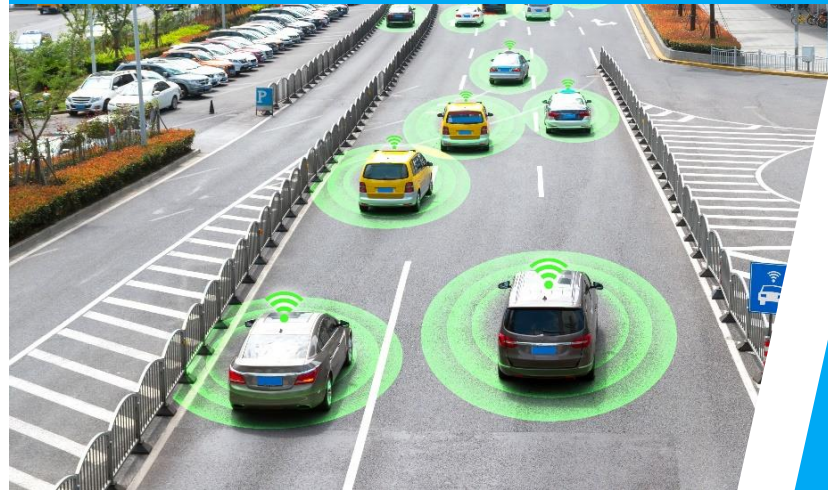
- Use sensors and controls on traffic lights for dynamic optimization of timings
- Allow higher average speeds on roads and less frequent stop-and-go conditions.



### Pittsburgh

Smart traffic lights reduced travel time by 25%, braking by 30%, and idling by more than 40%

## Traffic command and control centres



- Build central facility that integrates and displays multiple sources of real-time information
- Monitor traffic and plan accordingly



### Moscow

17.5% decrease in road traffic incidents and 23% decrease in traffic since 2015

Where it can be applied



MOBILITY



COMMUNITY



SOCIAL  
INFRASTRUCTURE

What this means for  
Southeast Asia

6-8 million  
man-years saved in  
commute time

2x  
more than Singapore's FTE  
population